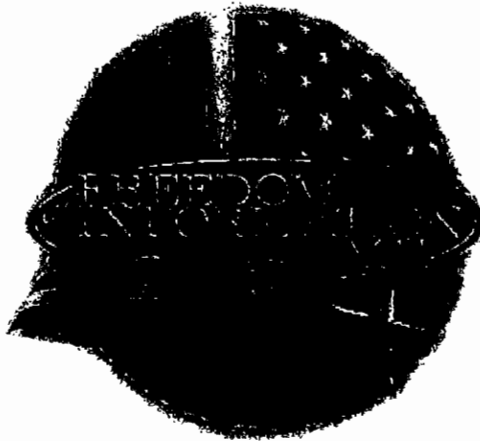


**FREEDOM OF INFORMATION
AND
PRIVACY ACTS**

Subject: Harold Clayton Urey

File Number: 121-14000

Section: Vol #1



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT Harold Clayton KREY

FILE NO. 121-14000

VOLUME NO. 1

SERIALS 1

THRU

16

File No: 121-14000Re: Harold Clayton UreyREVIEWED BY plbDate: 3/78
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1	3/3/52	WFO teletype to HQ	1	0	See Bufile 121-34744
2	3/5/52	BA teletype to HQ	2	0	See Bufile 121-34744
3	3/7/52	NY letter to HQ	1	0	See Bufile 121-34744
4	3/10/52	Reference Check Form	7	7	
5	3/21/52	NY report to HQ	7	0	See Bufile 121-34744
6	3/21/52	NY letter to HQ	6	0	See Bufile 121-34744
7	2/13/53	Daily Worker news article	1	1	
8	10/7/53	SA memo to file w/ENCL	3 17	3 17	
9	12/13/56	SA memo to file	7	0	See NY 100-37158
10	6/19/59	SA memo to file	2	2	
11	4/19/60	WFO airtel to NY	2	0	See Bufile 116-18315
12	4/29/60	HQ airtel to NY	1	0	See Bufile 121-34744

File No: 121-14000

Re: Harold Clayton

REVIEWED BY flb
Date: 3/78
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
13	4/30/60	Interview (FD-302)	2	0	SEE BUFILE 121-34744
13	5/3/60	NY Report to HQ	4	0	SEE BUFILE 121-34744
14	5/2/60	NY airtel to HQ	1	0	See BUfile 121-34744
15	5/3/60	NY report to HQ	1	0	See BUfile 121-34744
16	3/24/65	SA memo to file	4	4	

REFERENCE CHECK FORM

FILE NO. 121-14000 ASSIGNED Howe DEADLINE 2/10/52

NAME HAROLD CLAYTON UREY FILE REFS. _____

AKA H.C. UREY

PRESENT ADDRESS HAROLD C. UREY

OTHER ADDRESSES WITH DETAILS _____

DESCRIPTION: DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH _____

CITIZENSHIP _____ HT. _____ WT. _____

S.S.S. NO. _____ MARITAL STATUS _____

ARREST RECORDS _____

FAMILY MEMBERS	RELATIONSHIP	ADDRESS	FILE REFS.
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			

121-14000-4

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
MAR 21 1952	
FBI - [unclear]	
<u>Howe</u>	<u>NEB</u>

Wey -

✓ 116-64412-19 pgs 28,29 Top rpt 10/6/51
not available (134) ~~116-64412-19~~

✓ 119-5-135 pgs 114 12/18/50
Bureau correlation memo

✓ 65-15336 - Major Louis ...
David Brungler (mentioned as being at Los Alamos)

✓ 65-15348 - Major Louis ...
Julius Rosenberg (Statement of Ruth Brungler)

✓ 119-0-88 2/13/50

not part

✓ 100-76015-2

not part

Wey, O.C.

✓ 97-210-75 pgs not 2/14/43

Prior to 116 rpt.

✓ 65-15136 - 1

Kane Fuchs case

✓ 100-69073-3 pgs 11 rpt 1/21/44

prior to 116 rpt

✓ 100-7518-1184 pgs 211 rpt 3/18/46

prior to 116 rpt.

✓ 65-5839-5935 pt 11/10/42

Prior to 116 rpt.

Urey, David

100-95068 (D.C.) - major case in files
ABE BROTHMAN case. POSSIBLE former pupil of Urey

✓ 100-78587-60
- ICC AS P. Previously Reported

✓ 100-141315
Comp case

✓ 166-1283 Communist Breeds 10/28/53 pg 3
prior to 116 Rpt.

✓ 100-63132-110 pg 5
MARCIA SAND Hiskey Reported

✓ 100-47343 - Communist Breeds
(CINRAD)

✓ 100-27 - R.D. 1200
4/30/46 prior to AEAR Rpt

✓ 65-14949 - major case in files 53 pg 3. (295 files)
not part.

✓ 100-63983 - R.D.

Refer to reports in 1946 prior to AEAR Rpt

100-17808 - sub A pg 2325 → "INSTITUTE of Pac. Relations"
(Serial missing)

100-11720 - major case in files

Noted

✓ 116-64412-19 pg 27 My ref: 10/6/51
unavailable

Urey, Harold

✓ 116-64412-19 p. 11. Typ. part 10/6/51
Unavailable.

✓ 100-63132-92 p. 2
MARCIA SAND HISKEY

Urey, Harold C.

✓ 100-0-1A3516 p. 150
Student study of Communism - Harold Urey's Contribution.
Written in 1947
Part

✓ 116-64412-19 p. 14
Unavailable.

✓ 65-15594-4 p. 73 Part 11A, 11B, 11C, 11D, 11E, 11F, 11G, 11H, 11I, 11J, 11K, 11L, 11M, 11N, 11O, 11P, 11Q, 11R, 11S, 11T, 11U, 11V, 11W, 11X, 11Y, 11Z
Ronald Wilfrid Swinney (Balto origin & has wife)

✓ 100-69073-109 p. 3
Edw. Tiers MANNING

✓ 100-1951-69 p. 2
Charles Reht.

✓ 100-4013-2524 p. 41
noted previously

✓ 100-87011-49, 76
Edw. U. Condon noted

✓ 65-15136-R.3.
Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs (Henry Roberts ^{was emulated} ass't to H. Urey at Columbia)

✓ 100-0-50449, D H 120/50
Bulletin of Atomic Scientists

Wray, Harold C.

✓ 100-85795-84 pgs 22, 25

Fed. of Am. Scientists report

✓ 100-8A-1390 news clipping 9/17/48 → "Sun" 9/17/48 "Smear is seen in Red Inquiry" - "Pres Truman & Gov. Dewey were convicted today with the charge of eight leading Atomic Scientists that the 'smear tactics' of the [REDACTED] are designed to discredit our great service and threaten our national security and entire great atomic research program!"

Dr. Edw. U. Condon.

✓ 100-93512-161 pgs 3 Time Magazine June 13, 49 Vol. 1 # 35

included

✓ 100-87226-14 pgs 4

Atomic Scientists of Chicago - Chicago Office

100-85795-61

Fed. of Am. Scientists

✓ 66-1283 dt 12/19/42

Prior to 116 rpt.

✓ 97-169-186 dt 10/7/40 pgs 3 col 2

prior to 116 rpt

✓ 100-3620-46 pgs 14

Am. Com. for Protect of Foreign Born.

✓ 61-507-1438 1/21/44 100-2936-32

Friends of the Abe Lincoln Brigade

✓ Misc. list in office NYCH 1941

Noted.

✓ 100-85795-38 pgs 73

Fed. of Am. Scientists

Wray, Harold C.

✓ 100-3620-14 p. 6

Am Com Protect for Bom

✓ 100-80649-5 p. 4

JAN STAN CZYK (not put.) {Purchase literature by Wray.

✓ 100-57518-267 p. 27 ; 447 p. 149

Prior to 116 Rpt

✓ 100-3620-1910

Am. Com. Protect for Bom

✓ 100-714-6 p. 27

Harold C Wray appearance Council of Advisors

Fed. Union - Clarence Street Organ, Fed. Union, Inc

✓ 100-59240-30

365 Highways Ave., New York

Prior to 116 rpt →

✓ 117-5-21 ; 22 p. 5 ; 29

Not put.

✓ 100-98587-57 p. 3

- 1914

100-47315-72

✓ 100-47315

(copy car)

✓ 100-47343-R.3.

(CINRAD)

✓ 100-47343-11 at 1/9/52 Dec. 11/29/93

(CINRAD letter)

Walter Don, Indianapolis

Wray, Harold C.

✓ 65-14603 - M.C.I. 2350 p 71

Contributed money to Natl Comm on Atomic Info. at request ^{Panel} member

✓ * 121 - 14000

C.F.

✓ * 46 - 2741

C.F.

✓ 100 - 47315 - 1447 ; 2548 p 2 ; 4450

- 5889 p 44

- 5962 p 51, 81

Conroy Lou

✓ 100 - 85795 - 38 p 20

Fed. of Am. Scientists

What Dr. Urey, Atomic Scientist, Wrote to Judge Irving Kaufman

The following appeal for clemency to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg was sent to Judge Irving Kaufman Dec. 16 by Dr. Harold C. Urey, world famous atomic scientist and winner of the Nobel Prize:

The University of Chicago
Chicago, 37, Ill.
December 16, 1952
Judge Irving Kaufman
Federal Building
Foley Square
New York, N. Y.

Dear Judge Kaufman:
I am writing to urge you to change the sentence of death imposed on Ethel and Julius Rosenberg to a lesser punishment. I have read the testimony given at the trial, and though I have no legal experience in matters of this kind my competence is comparable to that of the jurors and the great public who are concerned about this matter.

My reaction to the testimony is as follows: (1) The testimony of Max Elitcher was not entirely credible to me. He did not implicate the Rosenbergs of his own knowledge. He says they talked about espionage but never transferred any information for some five years. (2) No certain connection with espionage involving Sobell and the Rosenbergs is established. Elitcher does not know that Sobell actually delivered secret documents to Rosenberg. No other connection is suggested. (3) The connections to others than David and Ruth Greenglass are not established. Could not Miss Bentley's informant have used "This is Harold" instead of "This

is Julius," and then might not I have been on trial? She was unable to identify her "Julius" with Julius Rosenberg. If this "Julius" did not refer to him in this case, it probably did not when Harry Gold said, "I come from Julius." Gold apparently knew nothing of Rosenberg at all. It seems incredible to me that the name of the arch spy should be used in an identification code.

(4) No contact between the Rosenbergs and Anatoli A. Yakovlev is established.

(5) The government's case rests on the testimony of David and Ruth Greenglass, and this was flatly contradicted by Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. I found the testimony of the Rosenbergs more believable than that of the Greenglasses. Is it customary for spies to be paid in console tables and wrist watches? Gold, Greenglass, and Fuchs were paid in cash. Again, do spies talk about their activities with college friends and relatives? Gold and Fuchs did not. Does Julius Rosenberg appear to be a man who would spend \$50 or \$75

a night in Manhattan night clubs? Not to me. Would the master spy want Rosenberg throwing money about recklessly and thus making himself obviously and unaccountably rich to associates? He appears to have been as poor as a churchmouse, and would be quite out of character in an expensive night club. Evidently the jury and court believed David and Ruth Greenglass, and of course they had the advantage of listening to them directly.

However, accepting the verdict as correct, I am amazed and completely outraged by the unequal punishment which has been given. For the same crime Ruth Greenglass is never brought to trial though she admitted her guilt under oath; David Greenglass gets 15 years imprisonment; Morton Sobell and Harry Gold got 30 years imprisonment; and Ethel and Julius Rosenberg get death. Only the last two took the witness stand and maintained that they are innocent, and they were convicted on testimony which I do not believe is conclusive beyond a reasonable doubt. If we are going to

begin to give the death penalty for espionage, I should like to have it introduced in a case in which the guilt is certain. There is the consideration that helping the prosecution justifies lower sentences, but in spite of this I find the disparity of sentences most unjust.

We are engaged in a cold war in which the loyalty and approval of the good people of the world are important objectives. I believe the Rosenbergs are or have been Communists or very sympathetic to Communist ideas. I regard such people as unreliable generally, but I do not believe in punishing people unless they commit crimes. Would it not be embarrassing in this general situation if after execution of the Rosenbergs it could be shown that the United States had executed two innocent people and let the guilty one go free. And, of course, somewhere there is a representative of the USSR, probably Yakovlev, who knows the answer with certainty.

I strongly urge a careful reconsideration of this sentence.
Very sincerely yours,
HAROLD C. UREY

Harold Clayton Urey 21-14000
Urey

121-14000-7

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 30 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Urey

FROM THE
DAILY WORKER
DATED 2/13/53
Pg. 2 Col. 1

OFFICE MEMORANDUM -- UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, New York

FROM: JOSEPH V. WATERS, SA (100-113307)

SUBJECT: USE OF BENEVOLENT TRUST FUNDS,
PHILANTHROPIC AND ELEEMOSYNARY
INSTITUTIONS TO EMPLEMENT THE
PROGRAMS OF SUBVERSIVE GROUPS
IS - C

DATE: OCT 7 1953

By letter dated 2/24/53 entitled as above, the Bureau furnished photostatic copies of memoranda prepared by the House of Representatives Select Committee to Investigate Foundations and Other Organizations, reflecting interviews with Committee witnesses.

In reporting material in these memoranda, the Bureau has instructed that it be attributed to the witnesses. The source memoranda should be referred to only by confidential symbol.

Attached is a copy of a memorandum of an interview with LOUIS F. BUDENZ conducted on 11/21/52.

- 1 - 66-6709 (P-C)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (MORTIMER ADLER)
- 1 - 100-80348 (WILLIAM ALBERTSON)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (ROBERT W. BARNETT)
- 1 - 100-7836 (LIONEL BERMAN)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (FREDERICK BORDEN)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (LINDSAY BRADFORD)
- 1 - 100-57639 (LOUISE BRINSTEIN)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (ESTHER T. BROWN)
- 1 - 100-98845 (HENRIETTA BUCKMASTER)
- 1 - 100-36197 (EVANS CLARK)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (GRANVILLE CLARK)
- 1 - 100-8008 (KYLE CRICHTON)
- 1 - 100-87881 (JOHN DAVIS)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (JOSEPH N. DEBLINGER)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (JOHN DE FRANCIS)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (DR. EM. NULL DEUTSCH)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (BETTRICE STRAIGHT DOLINET)
- 1 - 100-55432 (LOUIS DOLINET)
- 1 - [redacted] (new) (JAMES M. DOMBROSKI)
- 1 - 100- (new) (C. B. H. F. HS)
- 1 - 105-105087 (JOHN K. F. IRBANK)

Re: Harold C. Gray

(cc's cont. on next page)

gn
JWV:MG

~~Att. C.F. or
Dist. Refs.~~

121-14000-8

MEMO

Copies cont.

1 - 100-61206 (HOWARD FORT)
1 - 100-1696 (ELIZABETH GARLEY FLYNN)
1 - 100- (new) (LLOYD K. GARRISON)
1 - 100-79735 (ELEANOR GIMBEL)
1 - 100- (new) (LOUIS HACKER)
1 - 100- (new) (MORRIS HADLEY)
1 - 100- (new) (J.B.S. HARDMAN)
1 - 100-7658 (LEWIS V. HARRIS)
1 - 100- (new) (ROBERT J. HAVIGHURST)
1 - 100- (new) (JOHN N. HAZARD)
1 - 100- (new) (GRANVILLE HICKS)
1 - 100-98136 (WILLIAM L. HOLLAND)
1 - 100-88928 (EUGENE C. HOLMES)
1 - 100- (new) (WILLIAM M. HUNTER, JR)
1 - 100-64272 (LEO HURWITZ)
1 - 100- (new) (HEROLD ISACS)
1 - 100- (new) (ARNOLD P. JOHNSON)
1 - 100- (new) MILTON KATZ)
1 - 100- (new) (ALICE KELIHER)
1 - 100-36197 (FRIEDR. KIRCHWAY)
1 - 100-102812 (LAWRENCE KNOBER)
1 - 100-25780 (CONLISS LAMONT)
1 - 100-7986 (AMOS C. LANDMAN)
1 - 100- (new) (MRS. AMOS C. LANDMAN)
1 - 100-98538 (JOHN HOWARD LAWSON)
1 - 100- (new) (MAX LERNER)
1 - 100-25810 (JAY LEYDA)
1 - 100- (new) (ROBERT M.C. IVER)
1 - 100- (new) (JOHN MARSHALL)
1 - 100-57652 (HARRIET LUCY MOORE)
1 - 100-54727 (JOHN MURRAY)
1 - 100- (new) (REINHOLD NIEBUHR)
1 - 100-99907 (HERMAN C. NIXON)
1 - 100- (new) (ROBERT C. NORTH)
1 - 100-107116 (SAUL K. PADOVER)
1 - 100- (new) (PROF. G. PEGRAM)
1 - 100- (new) (MRS. GILFORD PINCHOT)
1 - 100-108101 (JUSTINE WISE POLIER)

(copies cont. on next page)

MEMO

Copies cont.

1 - 100-53383 (L. R. REDDICK)
1 - 100- (new) (ROBERT REDFIELD)
1 - 100-109756 (IR. De ... REID)
1 - 100-99821 (HAROLD RUGG)
1 - 100-10025 (ADELAIDE SCHULKIND)
1 - 100-44960 (ERNEST J. SIMMONS)
1 - 100-47357 (EDWIN S. SMITH)
1 - 100-46178 (KARL SPÄETH)
1 - 100-65505 (JL STEELE)
1 - 100-80172 (DAVID H. STEVENS)
1 - 100-78595 (PHILIP STEVENSON)
1 - 100-17747 (MICHAEL W. STRAIGHT)
1 - 100-50809 (CHANNING TOBIAS)
1 - 100- (new) (HAROLD C. UREG)
1 - 100-426012 (MARY VAN KLEECK)
1 - 100- (new) (SELMAN W. KSMAN)
1 - 100- (new) (HAROLD T. WHITE)
1 - 100-62509 (DOXEY A. WILKESON)
1 - 100-86727 (CLAUDE WILLIAMS)
1 - 100-114437 (ARTHUR WRIGHT)
1 - 100- (new) (MARY WRIGHT)
1 - 97-210 (AMERICAN RUSSIAN INSTITUTE)
1 - 100-8044 (CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN)
1 - 100- (new) (FIELD FOUNDATION)
1 - 100- (new) (FORD FOUNDATION)
1 - 100-9450 (HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL)
1 - 100-17808 (INSTITUTE OF PACIFIC RELATIONS)
1 - 100-3633 (NATIONAL NEGRO CONGRESS)
1 - 100-21281 (NEW SCHOOL FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH)
1 - 100-79382 (PEOPLES INSTITUTE OF APPLIED RELIGION)
1 - 100- (new) (ROSENBERG FOUNDATION)
1 - 100- (new) (RUSSELL SAGE FOUNDATION)
1 - 100-3906 (SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE)
1 - 100- (new) (WILLIAM WHITNEY FOUNDATION)
1 - 100- (new) (WRITERS CLUB)

see pg 3
HAROLD C. UREG

November 22, 1952

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. Keele

FROM: Mr. Feeney

RE: Interview with Louis Budenz, 11/21/52.

A supplementary interview was had with Professor Louis Budenz on Friday, November 21, 1952, at his home, 26 Manhattan Avenue, Crestwood, Yonkers, New York (Telephone Spencer 9-4794). Professor Budenz again gave considerable information in response to specific questions regarding the foundations, their officers and grantees.

He was asked about a number of the names mentioned by Henrietta Buckmaster. She had stated that in obtaining a Guggenheim Fellowship, her sponsors were Carl Sandburg, Oswald Garrison Villard and Louis Bromfield. Budenz stated that none of these three was a Communist but each of them was very gullible. She had admitted belonging to the People's Institute of Applied Religion (cited by Attorney General Clark as subversive and Communist). She had listed as head of the organization Claude Williams. Professor Budenz stated that Williams was known to him as a Communist through official communications. She had admitted belonging to the Southern Conference for Human Welfare (cited by HULC and the California Committee). Clark Foreman was the president when she joined. Budenz stated that Clark Foreman was known to him as a Communist through official communications. Henrietta Buckmaster had stated that she didn't believe that she was a member of the National Negro Congress although she had many contacts with it and with John Davis, its secretary. Prof. Budenz knew John Davis as a Communist from official communications. Another contact of Buckmaster among negroes was a Philip Randolph, first president of the National Negro Congress. Prof. Budenz stated that he was definitely not a member of the Communist Party. Henrietta Buckmaster stated that she spoke to a negro canteen in World War II at the invitation of Dr. L. R. Reddick, curator of the Schomburg Collection, New York Public Library. Prof. Budenz stated that Reddick was known to him as a Communist through official communications and he may also have met him personally, but he is not sure of that.

121-14000-8 att

Under questioning, Henrietta Buckmaster had stated that she belonged to the Congress of American Women which resulted from the International Women's Conference in Paris. Thirteen American delegates had gone to this Congress, and their group automatically became the Congress of American Women (cited by the Attorney General as subversive and Communist). Buckmaster had stated that she had got into this group through the invitation of Eleanor Gimbel of the department store family. Prof. Budenz stated that Eleanor Gimbel was a concealed Communist and that he had personally met her as such. Mr. Gifford Pinchot was active in this group. Prof. Budenz stated that Mrs. Pinchot was cooperative with the Communist Party.

Mrs. Buckmaster stated that about six years ago she addressed a meeting of the Writer's Club which she later discovered was Communist. She had addressed this meeting almost surely at the invitation of Howard Fast. Prof. Budenz pointed out that Fast was a Communist according to the DAILY WORKER and Budenz had met Fast as a Communist.

Prof. Budenz was asked about the names of certain men connected with the Ford Foundation or with grants received by the Ford Foundation. Among these was Reinhold Niebuhr. Budenz stated that Niebuhr's case is a peculiar one. Niebuhr was not known by Budenz as a Communist; however Budenz knew him personally and knew that he was in at least forty Communist fronts. Prof. Budenz added that in his experience he has never found anyone who was in as many as forty Communist fronts without being an open or a concealed member of the Communist Party. Harold Isaacs, who is supposed to be a Far Eastern correspondent connected with the Ford Foundation, was called by Prof. Budenz a "very mysterious figure". He was supposedly a member of the Trotskyites, and much of public activities appear to be anti-Stalin. However, Earl Browder indicated to Budenz that Isaacs was a Stalinist plant among the Trotskyites. It is Budenz's belief that in the IPR testimony Isaacs was identified as being anti-Communist. Prof. Budenz had no positive knowledge concerning the following individuals listed as having connections with the Ford Foundations: Mortimer Adler, Granville Clark, Prof. Robert Redfield, Karl Spaeth, Robert C. North, Arthur and Mary Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Amos C. Landman, Milton Katz (Prof. Budenz is unsure about Katz and stated that he would have to see a picture of him before knowing whom the writer was referring to).

Professor Budenz gave the following information regarding individuals listed as being connected with the Rockefeller Foundation or receiving grants from it directly or indirectly: Prof. Ernest J. Simmons is not definitely known as a Communist to Budenz. However, the Communists have a very high opinion of him and Simmons has worked for them. J.B.S. Hardman - he is not a Communist now. He was a Communist one in the old Worker's Party. Presently Hardman is anti-Communist in a social Democratic way. His brother, Al Steele, is a Communist. Hardman, according to Budenz, is a cynic who gives a false view of the Communist Party. Robert J. Havighurst is believed by Budenz to have been a member of Communist fronts. Louis Hacker is not a Communist although he may be a Marxist in a loose way. Lionel Berman (employee of Association of Documentary Film Producers) was known personally by Budenz as a Communist Party member. He is the husband of Louise Bransten. He was the section organizer of the Cultural Section of the Communist Party in New York (this section concentrates on the foundations). He was on the Communist Party Committee on Foundations, set up by the Cultural Commission to work on getting money from the Foundations for Communist purposes. Lem Harris was also on this committee. Dr. Oscar Lange, a member of the American Soviet Science Society, was known to Budenz as a Communist through official communications before he retired behind the Iron Curtain. Prof. Budenz had never heard that Harold C. Urey was a Communist. Although he has been mentioned very favorably by the Communists, Prof. Budenz feels that Urey has taken an inconsistent position on Communism and is dangerous. John N. Hazard should be regarded with suspicion, although Budenz does not know that he was a Communist. Corliss Lamont, professor of the Russian Institute at Cornell, was known personally to Budenz as a Communist. Harriet Lucy Moore was known personally to Budenz as a Communist and refused to answer the McCarran Committee on that point. Prof. Budenz stated that we would have to check to determine whether Harriet L. Moore was the same Harriet Moore listed as a professor of the Russian Institute at Cornell. Budenz stated that Harriet L. Moore has a new marriage name which sounds like Golfin (phonetic).

Professor Budenz had no information regarding John Murra, Lee Hurwitz, Jay Leyda, Alice Koliher, Mary Loser, Dr. Vladimir Zworyhin, Selman Waksman, Prof. G. Pegram, David H. Stevens, John DeFrancis, John Marshall or C. F. H. Fahs.

The writer ran down with Prof. Budenz the list of names of recipients of Rockefeller grants who had been checked off by Mr. MacFarland as having had some card in the files of Walter Steele. Most of these were completely unknown to Budenz. The following were exceptions: Granville Hicks (was a Guggenheim fellow) was known personally to Budenz as a Communist. He later left the party. Prof. Budenz does not know William L. Holland personally but he knows that Holland worked with the Communist Party. Budenz feels certain that Saul K. Padover was a member of the Party and he believes that he has personally identified Padover as a Communist in prior testimony. Dr. Harold Rugg was not a Communist but was one of the Communist Party's favorites. V. Stefanson, the famous explorer, was known to Budenz as a Communist through many official communications. Stefanson was a great friend of Owen Lattimore. Budenz believes that he met Stefanson personally but is not absolutely certain.

Regarding the General Education Board, Prof. Budenz had some specific information as set out below: Ira De A. Reid (listed by the General Education Board in its questionnaire) was known to Budenz as a Communist from official communications. He was on many fronts. Doxey A. Wilkenson (also listed by the General Education Board) was an open Communist, known personally to Budenz as a Communist. Budenz and Wilkenson were together at a national committee meeting. Prof. Budenz has previously identified John K. Fairbank as a Communist. He had no information about Rufus E. Clement, Eugen C. Holmes, William A. Hunter, Jr., Robert W. Barnett. Regarding recipients of Carnegie Corporation funds, Prof. Budenz had the following information, Lawrence Duggan, who was connected with IIE, and who died mysteriously in the last year or two, was known to Budenz personally as a concealed member of the Communist Party. (Prof. Budenz stated that nobody had ever asked him a question about Duggan's membership previously. This is completely new information). Prof. Budenz had no knowledge of Dr. Clyde K. H. Kluckhohn, head of the Russian Research Center at Harvard University.

The New School for Social Research, with which the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace has cooperated in the presentation of lectures, is not a Communist organized or Communist controlled institution, according to Budenz, but it is Communist penetrated.

Evans Clark of the Twentieth Century Fund was not a Communist, according to Budenz. He was formerly a Socialist and was the husband of Freda Kerchway, editor and owner of "The Nation". She is very pro-Communist but is not known to Budenz as a Communist.

In connection with the Russell Sage Foundation, Prof. Budenz has previously given information regarding Mary Van Kleeck. He has no positive information regarding Morris Hadley, Robert MacIver, Harold T. White or Lindsay Bradford. He is not sure about Esther T. Brown. He believes he met her but does not remember her distinctly.

Alfred Kohlberg had stated that Edwin A. Smith, a trustee of the Robert Marshall Civil Liberties Trust, was a Communist. Smith was with the National Labor Relations Board and later taught in New England colleges. This Smith was known to him personally as a Communist and Budenz met him as a Communist in Washington. (Prof. Budenz suggested that the identity of the Smith connected with the Robert Marshall Trust be checked).

Prof. Budenz had no information regarding the Sloan Foundation except that previously given about Maxwell Stewart, editor of the Public Affairs pamphlets, supported by the Sloan Foundations.

Regarding the Rosenberg Foundation, Prof. Budenz stated that Louise Fransten was known to him as a member of the Communist Party but engaged in secret work for the Party. She was trying to get control of the Rosenberg Foundation funds in order to use it for Communist Party purposes. She has refused to answer the questions as to whether she was a Communist. Prof. Budenz had no positive knowledge about Dr. Deutsch, president of the Rosenberg Foundation.

Regarding the Field Foundation, Prof. Budenz gave the following information: Louis S. Weiss (deceased) (trustee from 1940-50) was known to Budenz as a Communist Party member through official communications. He was either a brother or cousin of Carol Weiss King, known Communist. Channing Tobias, trustee, has had a checkered career, according to Budenz. He worked with the Communists but apparently has broken with them. Justine Wise Polier was known to be pro-Communist. Lloyd K. Garrison was not known as a Communist but was just a "sap".

Prof. Budenz gave the following information regarding the William C. Whitney Foundation, its trustees, grantees, etc: Michael W. Straight (president of the Foundation) was not known to Budenz as a party member because he is a late comer. However, Straight has been pro-Communist. In connection with him, Prof. Budenz recommended that we see Frank Meyer, an ex-Communist from the Chicago area, who taught at the Jefferson School. He is at the Artists Colony in Woodstock, New York, near Kingston, New York. We could use Prof. Budenz's name in approaching Meyer. Budenz does not know Max Lerner as a Communist although he believes that Lerner was a member of the Party at one time. Commonwealth College was controlled by the Communist Party although it was originally a Socialist school. Prof. Budenz believes that Claude Williams, known as a Communist through official communications, was connected with Commonwealth College. The American Russian Institute was a Communist creation and was Communist controlled. So, too, was the Southern Conference for Human Welfare. James M. Dombroski, executive secretary of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, was a Communist. Prof. Budenz knows this at least through official communications, and he feels he probably knew Dombroski personally at one time. Adelaide Schulkind, executive secretary of the League for Mutual Aid, was known to Budenz personally though he is not sure whether she was actually a Communist. She was very close to the Communist Party. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Clara Michaelson and William Albertson, all on the Executive Committee of the League for Mutual Aid, were known personally to Budenz as Communists. The Highlander Folk School was pro-Communist. Kyle Crichton (real name is Robert Forsythe) was known to Budenz as a Communist from official communications "over and over". John Howard Lawson of Frontier Films was known personally as a Communist. So, too, was Lionel Berman as pointed out above.

Beatrice Straight Dolivet was listed by Alfred Kohlberg as a director of the Whitney Foundation. Prof. Budenz stated that Beatrice Straight Dolivet was the wife of Louis Dolivet who was a concealed Communist. Prof. Budenz is not certain about her, however. It should be noted that in the William C. Whitney Foundation completed questionnaire there is listed among the trustees Mrs. Beatrice S. Cookson. Answer A-10 lists the name

of B. S. Cookston, daughter of the creator of the trust (namely, Straight). Thus it is obvious that the Mrs. Beatrice S. Cookson is the same person who was previously known as Beatrice Straight Dolivet.

Professor Budenz had no definite information regarding the following additional people connected with the Whitney Foundation or with recipients of its grants: Dr. Herman C. Nixon, Lawrence Knobel, Joseph N. Deblinger, Frederick Bordon, Arnold P. Johnson, Philip Stevenson.

TEF:SJB

SAC, NEW YORK (100-0)

6/19/59

SA ALESIO SAVIOLA (#413)

AMERICAN EMERGENCY COMMITTEE FOR
TIBETAN REFUGEES, INC.
IS - C

There is attached to the copy of this memorandum directed to the file entitled "AMERICAN EMERGENCY COMMITTEE FOR TIBETAN REFUGEES, INC. (TIBETAN COMMITTEE)" a portion of a full page ad which appeared on page 23 of the "New York Times," 6/3/59.

This ad was an appeal for contributions to the Tibetan Committee. It listed the officer, the Board of Directors and a partial list of members. Included on the Board of Directors were ROGER N. BALDWIN and NORMAN THOMAS, as well as senators WARREN R. AUSTIN, THOMAS A. DODD, PAUL H. DOUGLAS and KENNETH B. KEATING. LOWELL THOMAS was chairman of the Tibetan Committee while the vice-chairmen included Associate Justice of the Supreme Court WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS and Congressman WALTER H. JUDD.

The information which follows is designated for the file:

Source

[Redacted]

(By request)

Characterization

Who is in a position to furnish reliable information

- 1 - New York [Redacted] (413)
- 1 - New York (62-11740) (NORMAN THOMAS)
- 1 - New York (100-8424) (ROGER N. BALDWIN)
- ① - New York (121-14000) (HAROLD C. URSY) (43)
- 1 - New York (133-3175) (MAGNUS I. GREGGERSEN) (43)
- 1 - New York (100-0) (AECTF) (Attachment) (414)

AS:bjb
(6)

*Just 412
any material on or only
w/100-0*

121-14000-10

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 19 1959	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-0

Date received

6/4/59, oral

Received by

SA AESIO SAVIOLA

Original location

Instant memorandum

[REDACTED] b7d
MAGNUS I. GREGERSEN, a vice-chairman of the Tibetan Committee.

[REDACTED] advised that field director of the Tibetan Committee TRAVIS L. FLETCHER was in India carrying on the Tibetan Committee work there. She said that FLETCHER had directed a letter to the Tibetan Committee in the US in which he said that the Indian Government representative and his wife, who were working with both the Tibetan Committee and the Tibetan refugees, were CP members. b7d

[REDACTED] added that any committee that had ROGER N. BALDWIN and NORMAN THOMAS on it would eventually be taken over by the Communists if, in fact, that was not all ready the case. b7d

It is felt that the information furnished by [REDACTED] is not sufficient basis for an investigation of the Tibetan Committee, therefore, it is recommended that this information be made a matter of record so that it is available in the event that the CP does make an attempt to infiltrate the Tibetan Committee. b7d

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE:

TO: SAC [REDACTED] b2

FROM: SA [REDACTED] b7c

SUBJECT: INFORMATION FURNISHED BY
SI

The documentation for this information is as follows: (u)

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Furn.	Agent	Location
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[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
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CARE SHOULD BE USED IN REPORTING THIS INFORMATION IN ORDER THAT THE IDENTITY OF THE INFORMANT MAY BE FULLY PROTECTED (u)

The text of the informant's statement is as follows: (u)

CC: [REDACTED] b2

2 - WFO (INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS) (REGISTERED MAIL)
(CP, USA VS. SACB)

5 - New York (GUS HALL - BENJAMIN J. DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE)
(REGISTERED MAIL) (CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES)
(DR. WILLIARD UPHAUS) (DR. JAMES LUTHER ADAMS)
PROF. HAROLD C. UREY

100-22557 MCDR
100-12464 ORGANIZATION
100-22456 CP, USA VS. SACB

JRCN:ml
(11)

Classified by 5886 3/7/78
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

121-14000-16

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 24 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1. "On Monday, March 15th at 7:00 P.M. an "Assembly of the Accused" and a press conference on the trials and prosecutions under the McCarran Act will be held in the North Room of the Washington Hotel, 15th and "P" Streets, N.W., Washington, D. C. (entrance on "P" Street). You are invited to attend.

2. "On Tuesday, March 16th at 9:30 A.M., the Communist Party U.S.A. is haled into the U. S. District Court, Constitution Avenue, Washington, D. C., for a second trial under a 3-year old indictment on the charge of refusing to register under the incriminating terms of the McCarran Act. A previous conviction was reversed by the higher courts. Your attendance can be an expression for political freedom.

3. "On February 25th, the Attorney General and a Federal Grand Jury in Washington, D. C., brought a second indictment against the Communist Party for refusing to register for eleven days in February, 1965. This is part of the process of endless indictments, prosecutions and political harassment in an effort to substitute the McCarran Act for the Bill of Rights. Your voice of protest can help protect constitutional liberties.

"On that same February 25, 1965, a Federal Judge dismissed the murder indictments which had been brought against 17 hoodlums and public officials who had been charged with the brutal killing of three civil rights workers in Mississippi. And at the same time, the JOHNSON Administration was escalating the undeclared and criminal war against the people of South and North Vietnam.

"The bankruptcy and futile failure of U. S. policy in Vietnam and in the Congo, and the shameful refusal to meet federal responsibility for application of the U. S. Constitution in the struggle for freedom and civil rights of Negro citizens provide the real reason for this widened attack on civil liberties. That is the basis for the new indictment and pending trial and for the second trial on the old indictment. This is an obvious effort to intimidate and suppress the voices for peace and freedom.

BA [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"These issues are indivisible. All of this adds to the reasons for action NOW -- and for your attendance at the Assembly and Press Conference on March 15th and at the trial on March 16th.

"The Assembly and Press Conference will provide an opportunity for representatives of those accused under the McCarran Act and of those who have defended the Bill of Rights to reach the American public. This will be an expression for civil liberty by Americans of diverse political views and from all walks of life. This can be an important event for political freedom and peace at a crucial time in our history.

"The third communication was from the Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties (u)

22 East 17th Street, New York 3, New York - Room 152

"This was a copy of a letter which has been sent to all Congressmen in regards to the McCarran Act with a copy of President TRUMAN's Veto message. Also included was an announcement of a luncheon to be held by the Constitutional Liberties Committee at the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Edison, 47 Street, West of Broadway, on Saturday March 13, 1965 at 12:30 P.M. Tickets are \$5.00 per person and there is an order blank for reservations or if one cannot attend a place for sending a contribution for a vigorous campaign to end McCarranism.

"The letter is signed by Dr. WILLIARD UPHAUS,
Chairman,
Prof. HAROLD C. UREY
Dr. JAMES LUTHER ADAMS

[REDACTED]

(c)
b1

This memo has been compared with the informant's original statement and it is accurate in substance. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~